NATIONAL BANK OF CANADA FINANCIAL MARKETS

September 12, 2024 - (Vol. VIII, No. 67)

Op-ed: The life expectancy of Canadian minority governments

By Warren Lovely & Stéfane Marion

Note: The following note is not an endorsement of any federal political party or parties. The views expressed here are those of the authors.

Canada's House of Commons is to resume sitting Monday, September 16th. For as long as it lasts, this promises to be a spicy fall session on the Hill. With the NDP recently (and somewhat unexpectedly) terminating a supply and confidence agreement (SACA) with the Liberals, Canadians now have what they really voted for back in September 2021: a legitimate minority parliament¹. We should expect no little amount of political intrigue, brinkmanship and horse trading, with a healthy dose of MP bluster, feet stomping and finger pointing thrown in for good measure. Political theatre at its very finest or very worst then, all depending on your perspective.

The Prime Minister may profess to have little interest in 'playing politics' but isn't that precisely what minority government leadership requires? Then again, even with the deftest political touch and the most expert of political maneuvering, the current minority parliament increasingly looks past its expiration date based on the latest public opinion polls.

It's now been almost three full years since Canadians—or at least the 63% of eligible voters that marked a ballot—collectively birthed this minority, an election outcome (once again) characterized by regional divides. No Canadian minority has lasted this long in the post-WWII era, the life expectancy of minorities closer to 20-odd months (on average)².

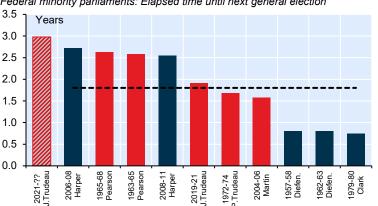


Chart 1: This minority parliament is getting long in the tooth Federal minority parliaments: Elapsed time until next general election

Source: NBF, Elections Canada | Note: Post-WWII period; dotted line is historical average

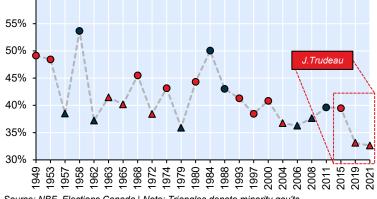
To be clear, there's nothing inherently 'wrong' with a minority. Notwithstanding political uncertainty, Canadian governments have managed to get things done with a plurality of seats in the past. Some might even favour the ability of a minority to provide an important check on the ruling party's ambitions. Nor are we suggesting that Canadians be marched to voting booths for no good reason. Many political analysts decried the Liberal government's 2021 election call as unnecessary, a

¹ As per the <u>SACA</u>, the NDP agreed to support the Liberals on confidence measures in exchange for action on key priorities. The NDP 'ripped up' the agreement on 4-Sep-24 (<u>link</u>), labeling the Liberals as "too weak, too selfish and too beholden to corporate interests".
² Provincial general elections have produced 20 minorities in the post-WWII period. On average. provincial minorities tend to hold up a bit longer than at the federal level (2.4 years)

costly (some might say opportunistic) decision that left party standing very little changed. But surely this is different.

Chart 2: Not the strongest mandate to begin with

Federal general elections: Share of popular vote for winning party 60% _

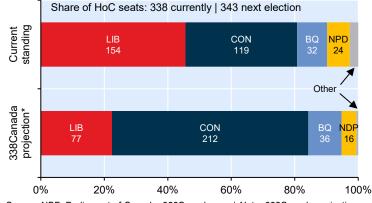


Source: NBF, Elections Canada | Note: Triangles denote minority gov'ts

Back in September 2021, the Liberals secured the lowest share of the popular vote on election night of any winning party since WWII (less than 33%). In other words, this wasn't the strongest mandate to begin with. Were it not for the now-defunct SACA, parliament might have already proven unworkable. As it is, over 1,000 days have elapsed since the last general election. That's no little amount of time. With the Liberals' key ally—the NDP—having stepped back, the ruling party appears more isolated³. Recent byelections, of which two are currently unfolding, have hinted at voter discord. More generally, nation-wide public opinion polling shows Canadians in a sour mode, support for the minority Liberals currently hovering around 25%.

Chart 3: Polls suggest voters are clamouring for change

Party standing in parliament: Current vs. projection based on available polls



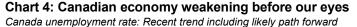
Source: NBF, Parliament of Canada, 338Canada.com | Note: 338Canada projection as at 8-Sep-24; projected seat tallies are middle of likely range based on available polling data

provincially vs. 1.8 years federally). But any way you slice it, the current federal minority parliament looks to be getting a little long in the tooth.

³ The NDP secured ~18% of the vote in the last election. Combined with the Liberal share of the vote, it suggests just over half of Canadian electors might have seen at least some of their priorities reflected in the previous partnership. Alas, the SACA is no more.

Voter unease/anxiety is perhaps understandable. After all, Canada's socioeconomic foundation has shifted considerably since the last election. Today, geopolitical risks are legion. Conflicts and foreign interference require a clear stand and decisive action. As recently emphasized by Mark Carney, the newly appointed economic adviser to the Prime Minister, a decades-long process of globalization and trade liberalization risks being turned back. That's a serious risk for a smallopen-economy like Canada. Market access can't be taken for granted: trade disruptions risk mounting: standing still is not an option.

Meantime, domestic demand developments have been, in a word, disconcerting. Per capita GDP continues to contract. Heavily indebted households are under strain. Most worrisome, the labour market-once a hallmark of economic resiliency-is faltering, the unemployment rate rising at an alarming rate. There is more weakness to come in our view. A 7% jobless rate is likely before the year is out, imperiling the 'soft landing' narrative and perhaps arguing for policy countermeasures. Here, we're thinking more broadly than central bank interest rate relief (which, while we're on the subject, may need to be accelerated).





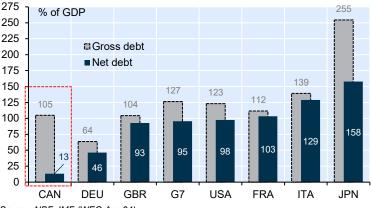
Source: NBF, StatCan | Note: Potential path is based on NBF baseline forecast for the Cdn economy; refer to Monthly Economic Monitor for detailed forecasts

The challenges don't end there. Productivity growth-never Canada's strong suit-remains anemic. The Bank of Canada is right to highlight this 'productivity problem', but it's for government-not the monetary authority-to solve this puzzle. How best should Canada attract and retain much-needed investment? Opinions vary across political parties. Ditto on the federal role in labour relations, including how, when and in what way Ottawa should react to potentially crippling strikes/lockouts. (A possible pilot strike at Air Canada could provide another test case.)

There's been difficulty aligning resource extraction/development-long an outsized driver of jobs, growth, income and wealth-with environmental ambitions/commitments. Political insults aside, carbon pricing is clearly a divisive issue. On the subject of taxes, the recent move to broaden capital gains taxation should be reconsidered. That's part of a broader fiscal debate voters need to opine on.

There's rarely a shortage of budgetary back-patting in Ottawa, not just under the current Liberal administration but earlier regimes too. Yes, Canada boasts an enviable fiscal position relative to many advanced economy peers. That's not new. General government debt trajectories may be less alarming, but there's still a structural deficit in Ottawa and downside cyclical pressure to boot. Canadians must declare how much of the nation's hard-won fiscal wiggle room should be committed/used up, bearing in mind that the country's dependence on foreign portfolio capital inflows and its relatively smaller size require more thoughtful budget making than certain of our peers can get away with.

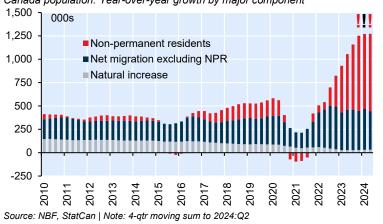
Chart 5: Hard-won fiscal advantage masks budget pressure General government gross & net debt burdens: 2024



Source: NBF, IMF (WEO Apr-24)

But if there's a singular issue worthy of a *de facto* national referendum, in the form of a timely general election, it's surely immigration. As most by now appreciate, there are many angles to the immigration debate. Of note, an acute imbalance between housing demand and supplyclearly exacerbated by recent immigration policy-has materially impacted housing accessibility and affordability. A burgeoning headcount has strained already overburdened public infrastructure, generally the responsibility of other levels of government. You could call this inter-governmental policy misalignment given the record unemployment rate for non-permanent residents (~11% currently). These are issues of grave importance to many prospective voters.

Chart 6: Immigration repercussions impossible to ignore Canada population: Year-over-year growth by major component



Bottom line: Canada is at an important crossroads on any number of fronts. The public policy choices we opt for today will have direct bearing on the nation's future success and standard of living. With the socioeconomic and geopolitical ground shifting under our feet, voters (including the taxpayers financing the federal budget and servicing the debt) may wish to give fresh direction to their elected officials in Ottawa before Autumn 2025⁴, whether that's on economic development strategy, tax-spend policies, international relations, resource development, productivity/investment, climate action/energy transition, affordability/housing and of course immigration.

⁴ The next federal general election is due to take place on or before 20-Oct-25.



Subscribe to our publications: NBF.EconomicsStrategy@nbc.ca – To contact us: 514-879-2529

General

This Report was prepared by National Bank Financial, Inc. (NBF), (a Canadian investment dealer, member of CIRO), an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of National Bank of Canada. National Bank of Canada is a public company listed on the Toronto Stock Exchange.

The particulars contained herein were obtained from sources which we believe to be reliable but are not guaranteed by us and may be incomplete and may be subject to change without notice. The information is current as of the date of this document. Neither the author nor NBF assumes any obligation to update the information or advise on further developments relating to the topics or securities discussed. The opinions expressed are based upon the author(s) analysis and interpretation of these particulars and are not to be construed as a solicitation or offer to buy or sell the securities mentioned herein, and nothing in this Report constitutes a representation that any investment strategy or recommendation contained herein is suitable or appropriate to a recipient's individual circumstances. In all cases, investors should conduct their own investigation and analysis of such information before taking or omitting to take any action in relation to securities or markets that are analyzed in this Report. The Report alone is not intended to form the basis for an investment decision.

This Report is for distribution only under such circumstances as may be permitted by applicable law. This Report is not directed at you if NBF or any affiliate distributing this Report is prohibited or restricted by any legislation or regulation in any jurisdiction from making it available to you. You should satisfy yourself before reading it that NBF is permitted to provide this Report to you under relevant legislation and regulations.

National Bank of Canada Financial Markets is a trade name used by National Bank Financial and National Bank of Canada Financial Inc.

Canadian Residents

NBF or its affiliates may engage in any trading strategies described herein for their own account or on a discretionary basis on behalf of certain clients and as market conditions change, may amend or change investment strategy including full and complete divestment. The trading interests of NBF and its affiliates may also be contrary to any opinions expressed in this Report.

NBF or its affiliates often act as financial advisor, agent or underwriter for certain issuers mentioned herein and may receive remuneration for its services. As well NBF and its affiliates and/or their officers, directors, representatives, associates, may have a position in the securities mentioned herein and may make purchases and/or sales of these securities from time to time in the open market or otherwise. NBF and its affiliates may make a market in securities mentioned in this Report. This Report may not be independent of the proprietary interests of NBF and its affiliates.

This Report is not considered a research product under Canadian law and regulation, and consequently is not governed by Canadian rules applicable to the publication and distribution of research Reports, including relevant restrictions or disclosures required to be included in research Reports.

UK Residents

This Report is a marketing document. This Report has not been prepared in accordance with EU legal requirements designed to promote the independence of investment research and it is not subject to any prohibition on dealing ahead of the dissemination of investment research. In respect of the distribution of this Report to UK residents, NBF has approved the contents (including, where necessary, for the purposes of Section 21(1) of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000). This Report is for information purposes only and does not constitute a personal recommendation, or investment, legal or tax advice. NBF and/or its parent and/or any companies within or affiliates of the National Bank of Canada group and/or any of their directors, officers and employees may have nay have had interests or long or short positions in, and may at any time make purchases and/or sales as principal or agent, or may act or may have acted as market maker in the relevant investments or related investments discussed in this Report, or may act or have acted as investment and/or commercial banker with respect hereto. The value of investments, and the income derived from them, can go down as well as up and you may not get back the amount invested. Past performance is not a guide to future performance. If an investment is denominated in a foreign currency, rates of exchange may have an adverse effect on the value of the investment. Investments which are illiquid may be difficult to sell or realise; it may also be difficult to obtain reliable information about their value or the extent of the risks to which they are exposed. Certain transactions, including those involving futures, swaps, and other derivatives, give rise to substantial risk and are not available for all investors. The investments contained in this Report are not available to retail customers and this Report does not constitute or form part of any offer for sale or subscription of solicitation of any offer to buy or subscribe for the securities described herein nor shall it o

This information is only for distribution to Eligible Counterparties and Professional Clients in the United Kingdom within the meaning of the rules of the Financial Conduct Authority. NBF is authorised and regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority and has its registered office at 70 St. Mary Axe, London, EC3A 8BE.

NBF is not authorised by the Prudential Regulation Authority and the Financial Conduct Authority to accept deposits in the United Kingdom.

EU Residents

With respect to the distribution of this report in the member states of the European Union ("EU") and the European Economic Area ("EEA") by NBC Paris, the contents of this report are for information purposes only and do not constitute investment advice, investment research, financial analysis or other forms of general recommendation relating to transactions in financial instruments within the meaning of Directive 2014/65/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 15 May 2014 ("MiFID 2"). This report is intended only for professional investors and eligible counterparties within the meaning of MiFID 2 and its contents have not been reviewed or approved by any EU/EEA authority. NBC Paris is an investment firm authorised by the French Prudential Control and Resolution Authority ("ACPR") to provide investment services in France and has passported its investment services throughout the EU/EEA under the freedom to provide services and has its registered office at 8 avenue Percier, 75008 Paris, France.

NBF is not authorised to provide investment services in the EU/EEA.

U.S. Residents

With respect to the distribution of this report in the United States of America, National Bank of Canada Financial Inc. ("NBCFI") which is regulated by the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority (FINRA) and a member of the Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC), an affiliate of NBF, accepts responsibility for its contents, subject to any terms set out above. To make further inquiry related to this report, or to effect any transaction, United States residents should contact their NBCFI registered representative.

This report is not a research report and is intended for Major U.S. Institutional Investors only. This report is not subject to U.S. independence and disclosure standards applicable to research reports.

HK Residents

With respect to the distribution of this report in Hong Kong by NBC Financial Markets Asia Limited ("NBCFMA") which is licensed by the Securities and Futures Commission ("SFC") to conduct Type 1 (dealing in securities) and Type 3 (leveraged foreign exchange trading) regulated activities, the contents of this report are solely for informational purposes. It has not been approved by, reviewed by, verified by or filed with any regulator in Hong Kong. Nothing herein is a recommendation, advice, offer or solicitation to buy or sell a product or service, nor an official confirmation of any transaction. None of the products issuers, NBCFMA or its affiliates or other persons or entities named herein are obliged to notify you or changes to any information and none of the foregoing assume any loss suffered by you in reliance of such information.

The content of this report may contain information about investment products which are not authorized by SFC for offering to the public in Hong Kong and such information will only be available to, those persons who are Professional Investors (as defined in the Securities and Futures Ordinance of Hong Kong ("SFO")). If you are in any doubt as to your status you should consult a financial adviser or contact us. This material is not meant to be marketing materials and is not intended for public distribution. Please note that neither this material nor the product referred to is authorized for sale by SFC. Please refer to product prospectus for full details.

There may be conflicts of interest relating to NBCFMA or its affiliates' businesses. These activities and interests include potential multiple advisory, transactional and financial and other interests in securities and instruments that may be purchased or sold by NBCFMA or its affiliates, or in other investment vehicles which are managed by NBCFMA or its affiliates that may purchase or sell such securities and instruments.

No other entity within the National Bank of Canada group, including National Bank of Canada and National Bank Financial Inc, is licensed or registered with the SFC. Accordingly, such entities and their employees are not permitted and do not intend to: (i) carry on a business in any regulated activity in Hong Kong; (ii) hold themselves out as carrying on a business in any regulated activity in Hong Kong; or (iii) actively market their services to the Hong Kong public.

Copyright

This Report may not be reproduced in whole or in part, or further distributed or published or referred to in any manner whatsoever, nor may the information, opinions or conclusions contained in it be referred to without in each case the prior express written consent of NBF.